Linguistics is the study of language in all its forms; it concerns itself with the many different facets of language, from the physical properties of the sound waves in speech, to the social context in which conversations are embedded. The various sub-branches of linguistics are concerned with how languages are structured, what they have in common, the range and limits to the differences among them, how they are acquired and used, how they change and so on. –
http://www.lang.soton.ac.uk/linguistic/ling.html

**Encyclopedias –**

- *Cambridge Encyclopedia of Language*  P29 .C64 1987 REF.

**Glossaries and Terms –**


**Historical Linguistics –**

- *Linguistic evolution; with special reference to English*  P123 .S26

**Linguistic Anthropology –**

- *Archaeology, language, and history : essays on culture and ethnicity*  CC79 .E85 A75
- *Essays in the History of Linguistic Anthropology*  P35 .H95X 1983
- *Language and Cultural Description*  P35 F68

**Dialects –**

Phonetics and Phonics –

*Dictionary of Linguistics and Phonetics*  
P29 .C65 1985 REF.

*Experimental Phonetics*  
QP306 .L35

*Teaching About Phonics*  
PE1135 .M37

Databases –

- *Academic Search Premier* – Scholarly periodical database including articles on a wide variety of academic topics. Approximately 75% of the articles indexed are full text.
- *JSTOR* – Deep back-file of core scholarly journals in electronic format.
- *NSU Libraries Catalog* – Find books owned by NSU libraries
- *Reference Universe* - Contains article titles and/or back-of-the-book indexes for over 4,200 subject encyclopedias and reference works, representing over 250 publishers.

Paper Indices –

*Humanities Index*  

*MLA International Bibliography*  
Z7006 .M64 REF. (1921-1993)

*Social Sciences Index*  